

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

When to use Kills Greenfly, Blackfly, Caterpillars (including Cutworms), Beetles, Weevils, Apple & Pear Suckers, Capsids, Sawfly and Whitefly on ornamental plants and a wide range of edible crops.

For ornamentals, vegetables and glasshouse crops: Spray at the first sign of infestation. If necessary repeat the treatment 7-14 days later depending on the crop. For the prolonged control of whitefly regular and repeat applications may be required. Do not exceed the maximum number of applications shown on the table. Use an alternative product where necessary.

Peas and Beans: For the control of Pea & Bean Weevil, apply at first signs of adult damage (leaf notching). Repeat after 2-3 weeks if prolonged and heavy attack.

Apples: For the control of Caterpillars, Apple Sucker, Apple Grass Aphid, apply in spring when the buds are opening (at green cluster). For the control of Codling and Tortrix Moth, Sawfly, late Capsid, apply at about mid-June. A further application may be applied three weeks later. A third spray may be necessary in late July or early August if Tortrix Moths are a problem.

Pears: For the control of Pear Sucker (overwintered adults, eggs and nymphs), apply before flowering blossom and at any time from petal fall onwards. Do not apply during blossom period.

Plums: For the control of Red Plum Maggot, Plum Fruit Moth, apply in mid-June; a further application may be made after 3 weeks.

Pesticide resistance in greenhouse whitefly, pear sucker and some aphids is widespread. Where resistance to pyrethroids is present, Ultimate Fruit & Vegetable Bug Killer is unlikely to give control. Where necessary use an alternative product. Avoid spraying delicate open blooms. The best time to spray is early morning or late evening.

Do not spray in bright sunlight or when plants are dry at the roots.

Where to use

Crop	Maximum Number of Treatments per year	Minimum Number of Days between applications	Days Between Spraying and Harvest
Roses and ornamental plants in the garden, home and greenhouse and on the patio	5	7	n/a
Greenhouse/protected tomato, pepper, cucumber, courgettes, aubergines	4	7	3
Outdoor tomato, cucumber, courgette	3	7	3
Edible podded pea, runner bean, French bean, broad bean	2	14	7
Broccoli/calabrese, cauliflower, collard, kale, Chinese cabbage	3	14	7
Brussels sprout, cabbage	2	7	7
Outdoor lettuce, endive, lambs lettuce, land cress	3	7	7
Strawberries	2	14	3
Apple, pear, cherry, plum	3	14	7
Leek	3	14	7
Radish, kohlrabi	3	14	7
Potato (foliage only)	3	14	7
Spinach, sweet corn	3	14	3
Outdoor herbs	1	-	7
Melon and watermelon (greenhouse and outdoor)	2	14	3
Globe artichoke	3	7	3

Whilst the product has been shown to have no adverse effects across a wide range of crops, because of the diversity of crops and varieties that might be encountered, it is advisable to test the products on any sensitive varieties before wider scale treatment to ensure no adverse effects occur.

How to use

SHAKE THE BOTTLE BEFORE USE

1. Press down the small tab on top of the nozzle firmly, where indicated.
2. At the same time, twist the nozzle to the 'ON' position by turning 1/4 of a turn in either direction.
3. Spray leaves and stem thoroughly from a distance of 15-30cm to just before run off (when drips form on the leaves). Spray the plant carefully giving good cover of the whole plant. Make sure both the upper side and the underneath of leaf surfaces has been sprayed.
4. Repeat as necessary (7-14 day interval see table) for optimum control.
5. After use, twist the nozzle back to the start position, ensuring the tab has reset to the locked position.